

F O N D I T A L I A

**LUXEMBOURG MUTUAL INVESTMENT FUND WITH
MULTIPLE SUB-FUNDS**

MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS

23 April 2024

These Management Regulations of the mutual investment fund FONDITALIA and any future amendments thereto shall govern the legal relationships between:

- A. FIDEURAM ASSET MANAGEMENT (IRELAND) DESIGNATED ACTIVITY COMPANY, in abbreviation “Fideuram Asset Management (Ireland) dac”, a designated activity company limited by shares with its registered office in Ireland (hereafter called the “**Management Company**”);
- B. The Depositary Bank, STATE STREET BANK INTERNATIONAL GmbH, Luxembourg Branch, the Luxembourg branch of State Street Bank International GmbH, a public limited liability company with incorporated and existing under the laws of Germany (*Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung*), having its registered office located in 49, Avenue J.F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg (hereafter called “**STATE STREET BANK INTERNATIONAL GmbH, Luxembourg Branch**” or the “**Depositary Bank**”);
- C. The subscribers or holders of units of FONDITALIA (hereafter called the “**unitholders**”) who accept these Management Regulations by acquiring such units.

ARTICLE 1 – DENOMINATION, ADDRESS AND DURATION OF THE FUND

A *fonds commun de placement* (mutual investment fund) with multiple sub-funds called “Fonditalia” is hereby set up, which is governed by Part I of the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 concerning undertakings for collective investment (the “**2010 Law**”) (hereafter the “**Fund**”).

The Fund is deemed to be established in Luxembourg, at the registered office of the Depositary Bank.

The Fund is not subject to any limits with respect to its amount nor with respect to its duration.

The Fund is structured as an undivided co-ownership amongst all the unitholders, without legal personality, of all securities of the Fund. The assets of the Fund shall be held by the Depositary Bank and are separate from those of the Management Company.

The Fund is not liable for the commitments of the Management Company or the unitholders of the Fund. It is managed by the Management Company following requirements of the present Management Regulations in the exclusive interest of the unitholders of the Fund.

Without prejudice of legal requirements governing the liability with respect to commitments resulting from the Management Regulations, the shareholders of the Management Company guarantee jointly and severally all commitments which shall be made by the Management Company within the present Management Regulations.

The rights of unitholders of a sub-fund are totally independent from the rights of unitholders of the other sub-funds. The assets and liabilities of each sub-fund are divided into classes of units, of equal value, conferring equal rights to unitholders of each class of units of each sub-fund.

The sub-funds shall be opened at the initiative of the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Each sub-fund shall be a separate entity.

In each sub-fund, the Management Company may create one or several classes of units, each having characteristics different from the other, such as, for instance, minima of subscription, management fees, or aimed for exchange rates hedging, or being reserved to specific types of investors or having distribution or capitalization policy, as further described in the prospectus of the Fund (the “**Prospectus**”).

The Management Company may, at any time, create new sub-funds or new classes of units, dissolve one or several existing sub-fund(s) or cancel existing classes of units, or proceed with mergers, by giving notice to unitholders in accordance with the conditions provided for by law and the Prospectus.

The assets of the Fund shall not be below the minimum required by the 2010 Law.

There will be no meetings of unitholders.

ARTICLE 2 – MANAGEMENT COMPANY – INVESTMENT MANAGERS – SUB-INVESTMENT MANAGER – INVESTMENT ADVISOR

Fideuram Asset Management (IRELAND) dac (hereafter the “**Management Company**”) is a designated activity company limited by shares under Irish law, incorporated in Dublin, on October 18, 2001 and authorized as a management company, since May 15, 2013, by the Central Bank of Ireland under the European Communities (Undertakings For Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations, 2011. Fideuram Asset Management (IRELAND) dac is active in the management of UCITS and other UCIs.

Within the limits provided in these Management Regulations, the Management Company manages the Fund on behalf of unitholders and performs the following functions, by means of example and not limited to these:

- Portfolio management
- Administration:
 - a) legal and accounting services for the Fund;
 - b) customer inquiries;
 - c) valuation of the portfolio and pricing of the units (including tax returns);
 - d) regulatory compliance monitoring;
 - e) maintenance of unitholder register;

- f) dividend distribution, where applicable;
 - g) issue, redemption and conversion of units;
 - h) contract settlements (including certificate dispatch);
 - i) record keeping.
- Marketing

The Management Company is vested with the broadest powers to administer and manage the Fund, subject to the restrictions set forth hereafter, on behalf of the unitholders, including but not limited to, the purchase, sale, subscription, exchange and receipt of securities and the exercise of all the rights attached directly or indirectly to the assets of the Fund.

The Board of Directors of the Management Company shall determine the investment policy of each sub-fund. Pursuant to the present Management Regulations, the Management Company must manage the portfolios of the Fund in the exclusive interest of the unitholders.

The Board of Directors of the Management Company shall determine the investment policy of the Fund in accordance with the limitations set out below and in the Prospectus.

The Management Company may be advised under the responsibility of the Board of Directors, for its choices, by an investment committee or external advisors.

The Management Company may delegate the portfolio management of the assets of the Fund and other functions to third party service providers in accordance with and to the extent permitted under the 2010 Law. The Management Company may delegate certain of its functions and appoint third party service providers, remuneration for which can be at the Fund's or the sub-fund's charge as provided in the Prospectus.

The Management Company may designate several companies as investment managers (hereafter the “**Investment Managers**”) for the performance of investment management activity in relation to specific sub-funds, as further described in the Prospectus.

ARTICLE 3 – INVESTMENT POLICY

Transferable securities and money market instruments in which the Fund may invest are admitted to the official listing of a stock exchange or dealt in on another regulated market, that operates regularly, is recognized and open to the public in a State of Europe, America, Asia, Africa or Oceania.

The Fund may hold, on an ancillary basis, assets of a sub-fund of the Fund in current or deposit accounts in any currency.

Financial techniques and instruments

The Fund is authorized to use techniques and instruments relating to transferable securities, money market instruments or other types of underlying assets always in

compliance with CSSF's Circular 14/592 relating to ESMA Guidelines on ETFs and other UCITS issues as amended from time to time (the "CSSF's Circular 14/592") and the Regulation (EU) 2015/2365 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on transparency of securities financing transactions and of reuse and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 as amended from time to time (the "SFT Regulation") to the extent that such techniques and instruments are used for efficient portfolio management purposes and according to the requirements and limits fixed by the regulations in force. When these transactions relate to the use of derivative instruments, these requirements and limits must comply with those listed in the Prospectus.

If specified in the relevant sub-fund's investment policy, a sub-fund will participate in (i) repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and / or (ii) securities lending transactions, on a continuous basis and irrespective of specific market conditions that will occur, in order to generate additional revenue.

Entering into TRS, securities lending, repurchase/reverse repurchase transactions may increase the risk profile of the sub-funds.

None of the sub-funds will use (i) buy-sell back transaction or sell-buy back transaction nor (ii) margin lending transaction.

Eligible counterparties for OTC financial derivatives transactions and Efficient portfolio management techniques (EMT) will have a public rating as set out in the Prospectus. .

ARTICLE 4 - INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The following criteria and restrictions must be observed by the Fund for each sub-fund:

I) The investments of the Fund consist exclusively of:

a) transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to or dealt in on a regulated market;

b) transferable securities and money market instruments dealt in on another market in a Member State which is regulated, operates regularly and is open to the public;

c) transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to an official listing on a stock exchange in a non-Member State of the European Union or dealt in an another market of a non-Member State of the European Union which is regulated, operates regularly, recognized and open to the public: namely a stock exchange or another regulated market in any country of America, Europe, Africa, Asia and Oceania;

d) newly issued transferable securities and money market instruments, provided that:

- the conditions of issue include an undertaking that application will be made for admission to an official listing on a stock exchange or on another regulated market, which operates regularly, is recognized and open to the public, namely a stock exchange or another regulated market in any country of America, Europe, Africa, Asia and Oceania has been lodged;
- the admission is obtained no later than before the end of the one year period since issue;

e) units of UCITS authorized according to Directive 2009/65/EC and/or other UCIs within the meaning of the first and second indents of Article 1 paragraph (2) points a) and b) of Directive 2009/65/EC, (including shares/units of a Master UCITS) whether or not situated in a Member State, up to 10% if not expressly included among the instruments to be invested in by the investment policy of each sub-fund (in which case the limit will not apply), provided that:

- such other UCIs are authorized under laws which provide that they are subject to a supervision that the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (“CSSF”) considers to be equivalent to that laid down in Community law and that cooperation between authorities is sufficiently ensured;
- the level of secured protection for unitholders of such other UCIs is equivalent to that prescribed for the unitholders of a UCITS and, in particular, that the rules relating to assets segregation, borrowings, lending and uncovered sales of transferable securities and money market instruments are equivalent to the requirements of Directive 2009/65/EC;
- the business of such other UCIs is reported in half-yearly and annual reports to enable an assessment of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period;
- no more than 10% of the assets of the UCITS or of the other UCIs, whose acquisition is contemplated by each sub-fund, according to their constitutional documents, can be in aggregate invested in units of other UCITS or other UCIs; this restriction does not apply in case of Master/Feeder UCITS structures.

f) deposits with credit institutions which are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn and maturing in no more than 12 months, provided that the credit institution has its registered office in a Member State, or, if the registered office of the credit institution is located in a non-Member State, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those laid down in Community law;

g) financial derivative instruments, including equivalent cash-settled instruments, dealt in on a regulated market referred to in subparagraphs a), b)

and c) above, and/or financial derivative instruments dealt in over-the-counter (“OTC derivatives”), provided that:

- the underlying consists of instruments covered in the paragraph 1, items a) to f) above, financial indexes, interest rates, foreign exchange rates or currencies, in which each sub-fund may invest according to its investment objectives;
- the counterparties to OTC derivative transactions are institutions subject to prudential supervision and belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF, and;
- the OTC derivative instruments are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and may, at the initiative of the Management Company, be purchased, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time and at their fair value;

h) money market instruments other than those dealt in on a regulated market, provided the issue or the issuer of such instruments are themselves subject to a regulation for the purpose of protecting investors and savings, and provided that such instruments are:

- issued or guaranteed by a central, regional or local authority, by a central bank of a Member State, or by the European Central Bank, by the European Union or by the European Investment Bank, by a non-Member State or, in case of a Federal State, by one of the members making up the federation, or by a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong, or
- issued by a company the securities of which are dealt in on regulated markets referred to in the above items a), b) or c), or
- issued or guaranteed by an institution subject to a prudential supervision in accordance with the criteria defined by the Community law, or by an institution which is subject to and complies with prudential rules considered by the CSSF to be at least as stringent as those laid down by Community law, or
- issued by other bodies belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF provided that investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection equivalent to that laid down in the first, second and third indents above, and provided that the issuer is a company whose capital and reserves amount to at least 10,000,000 Euro (ten million Euros) and which presents and publishes its annual accounts in accordance with the fourth Directive 78/660/EEC, and is an entity, which, within a group of companies including one or several listed companies, is dedicated to the financing of the group or is an entity which is dedicated to the financing of securitisation vehicles which benefit from a banking liquidity line.

2) However, the Fund may invest no more than 10% of the net assets of each sub-fund in transferable securities and money market instruments other than those referred to in paragraph 1).

3) The Fund may not invest in immovable property.

4) The Fund may acquire neither precious metals nor certificates representing them for any sub-fund.

5) Each sub-fund of the Fund may hold ancillary liquid assets. Liquid assets held in margin accounts in relation to financial derivatives instruments are not considered as ancillary liquid assets. Each sub-fund will not invest more than 20% of its net assets in cash and deposits at sight (such as cash held in current accounts) for ancillary liquidity purposes in normal market conditions. Under exceptionally unfavourable market conditions and on a temporary basis, this limit may be breached, if justified in the interest of the investors.

6) a) The Fund may invest no more than 10% of the net assets of each sub-fund in transferable securities and money market instruments of the same issuer. A sub-fund may invest no more than 20% of its assets in deposits made with the same entity. The risk exposure to a counterparty of the Fund in an OTC derivative transaction, including the securities lending transactions, sale with right of repurchase transactions and/or reverse repurchase and/or repurchase agreement transactions may not exceed 10% of its assets when the counterparty is a credit institution referred to in paragraph 1) item g) above, or 5% of its assets in other cases. The use of collateral may reduce the risk exposure accordingly.

b) Moreover, in addition to the limit referred to in the above paragraph 6 a), the total value of the transferable securities and money market instruments held by a sub-fund in the issuing bodies in each of which the sub-fund invests more than 5% of its net assets, may not exceed 40% of the net asset value of the concerned sub-fund.

This limit does not apply to deposits made with financial institutions subject to prudential supervision and OTC derivative transactions with these institutions.

Notwithstanding the individual limits referred to in the above paragraph 6) a), a sub-fund may not combine:

- investments in transferable securities or money market instruments issued by a single entity,
- deposits made with a single entity, and/or
- exposures arising from OTC derivative instruments made with a single entity, which exceed 20% of its net assets.

c) The limit of 10% laid down in the first sentence of paragraph 6). a) may be of a maximum of 35% when the transferable securities or the money market instruments are issued or guaranteed by a Member State, by its regional or local authorities or by a non-Member State of the European Union, or by a State of North America, South America, Asia, Africa or Oceania or by a public international body of which one or several Member States of the European Union are members.

d) The limit of 10% laid down in the first sentence of paragraph 6) a) may be of a maximum of 25% for covered bonds as defined under article 3, point 1 of Directive (EU) 2019/2162 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on the issue of covered bonds and covered bond public supervision and amending Directives 2009/65/EC and 2014/59/EU, and for certain bonds when they are issued before 8 July 2022 by a credit institution having its registered office in a Member State and are subject, by law, to special public supervision designated to protect bondholders. In particular, sums deriving from the issuance of these bonds issued before 8 July 2022 must be invested in conformity with the law, in assets which, during the whole period of validity of the bonds, are capable of covering claims attaching to the bonds and which, in case of bankruptcy of the issuer, would be used on a priority basis for the repayment of principal and payment of the accrued interest. When the Fund invests more than 5% of the net assets of each sub-fund in the bonds referred to in the present paragraph and issued by the same issuer, the total value of such investments may not exceed 80% of the net assets value of each sub-fund of the Fund.

e) The transferable securities and the money market instruments referred to in the above items c) and d) are not included in the calculation of the limit of 40% referred to under b). The limits referred to under a), b), c) and d) may not be combined and, consequently, the investments in transferable securities or money market instruments of the same issuer, in deposits or in derivative instruments made with this issuer, carried out in accordance with a), b), c) and d) may not, in any case, exceed 35% of the net assets of each sub-fund of the Fund.

The companies which are regrouped for the purposes of consolidated accounts, as defined in accordance with Directive 2013/34/EU or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, are regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating the limits contained in the present paragraph 6).

Each sub-fund may invest cumulatively up to 20% of its net assets in transferable securities and money market instruments within the same group.

ACCORDING TO ARTICLE 44 OF THE 2010 LAW, THE SUB-FUNDS OF THE FUND ARE AUTHORIZED TO INVEST NO MORE THAN 20% OF THEIR ASSETS IN SHARES AND/OR BONDS ISSUED BY THE SAME ENTITY, WHEN THE INVESTMENT POLICY OF THESE SUB-FUNDS SHALL

REPLICATE THE COMPOSITION OF A CERTAIN STOCK OR BOND INDEX THAT IS RECOGNIZED BY THE CSSF, ON THE FOLLOWING BASIS:

- **THE COMPOSITION OF THE INDEX IS SUFFICIENTLY DIVERSIFIED,**
- **THE INDEX IS A REPRESENTATIVE STANDARD OF THE MARKET WHICH IT REFERS TO,**
- **IT IS SUBJECT TO AN APPROPRIATE PUBLICATION.**

THIS LIMIT OF 20% MAY BE RAISED TO 35% FOR ONE ISSUER IN CASE OF EXCEPTIONAL CONDITIONS ON REGULATED MARKETS WHERE CERTAIN TRANSFERABLE SECURITIES OR CERTAIN MONEY MARKET INSTRUMENTS ARE HIGHLY DOMINANT.

THE INDICES TO WHICH THE RELEVANT SUB-FUND WILL TAKE EXPOSURE COMPLY WITH ARTICLE 44 OF THE 2010 LAW AND THE ARTICLE 9 OF GRAND DUCAL REGULATION DATED 8 FEBRUARY 2008. SUCH INDICES MAY HAVE DIFFERENT REBALANCING FREQUENCIES, WITH THE MOST PREVALENT REBALANCING FREQUENCY BEING MONTHLY. THE FREQUENCY OF THE REBALANCING DOES NOT AFFECT THE COSTS LINKED TO GAINING EXPOSURE TO THE INDICES. THE LIST OF INDICES TO WHICH THE SUB-FUND MAY TAKE EXPOSURE FROM TIME TO TIME IS AVAILABLE ON THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY'S WEBSITE AS SET OUT IN THE PROSPECTUS

MOREOVER, ACCORDING TO ARTICLE 45 OF THE 2010 LAW, THE FUND IS AUTHORIZED TO INVEST UP TO 100% OF THE NET ASSETS OF EACH SUB-FUND IN TRANSFERABLE SECURITIES AND MONEY MARKET INSTRUMENTS ISSUED OR GUARANTEED BY A MEMBER STATE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION, BY ITS REGIONAL OR LOCAL AUTHORITIES, BY A MEMBER OF THE OECD (ORGANISATION FOR ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT) OR A MEMBER OF THE GROUP OF TWENTY (G20), BY HONG KONG, SINGAPORE OR BY A PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL BODY OF WHICH ONE OR SEVERAL MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN UNION ARE MEMBERS, PROVIDED THAT EACH SUB-FUND HOLDS SECURITIES FROM AT LEAST SIX DIFFERENT ISSUES AND THAT THE SECURITIES FROM ANY ONE ISSUE MAY NOT ACCOUNT FOR MORE THAN 30% OF THE TOTAL NET ASSET VALUE OF THE CONCERNED SUB-FUND.

7) a) The Fund may acquire units of UCITS and/or other UCIs referred to in the above paragraph 1), item e), provided that each sub-fund invests no more than 20% of its net assets in the same UCITS or other UCI.

For the purpose of the application of such investment limit, each sub-fund of a UCI with multiple sub-funds is to be considered as a separate issuer, provided that the principle of segregation of the obligations of the various sub-funds vis-à-vis third parties is ensured.

b) The investments in units of UCIs other than UCITS may not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the net assets of a sub-fund.

When the Fund invests in units of UCITS and/or other UCIs, the assets of such UCITS and/or other UCIs are not combined for the purposes of the limits referred to in the above paragraph 6).

c) When the Fund invests in a UCITS and/or other UCIs that are managed, directly or by delegation, by the same Management Company or by any other management company with which the Management Company is linked by common management or control or by a substantial direct or indirect holding, no subscription or redemption fees may be charged to the Fund on account of these investments in other UCITS and/or other UCIs.

With respect to investments of a sub-fund in other UCITS and/or other UCIs, the maximum level of management fees that may be charged both to each sub-fund of the Fund and to the other UCITS and/or other UCIs in which it intends to invest, may not exceed 5% of the net assets of each sub-fund.

The Management Company shall indicate in its annual report the maximum percentage of management fees charged both at the level of each sub-fund and at the level of the UCITS and/or other UCIs in which each sub-fund has invested during the relevant fiscal year.

8) a) The Management Company may not acquire, on behalf of the Fund, shares with voting rights which enable it to exercise significant influence over the management of an issuer;

b) Moreover, the Fund may not acquire more than:

(i) 10% of the non-voting shares of the same issuer;

(ii) 10% of the debt securities of the same issuer;

(iii) 25% of the units of the same UCITS and/or other UCI;

(iv) 10% of the money market instruments issued by the same issuer.

The limits laid down under (ii), (iii) and (iv) may be disregarded at the time of the acquisition, if at that time the gross amount of bonds or money market instruments or the net amount of instruments at issue cannot be calculated;

c) paragraphs a) and b) are waived regarding:

- transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State or by its local authorities;

- transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a non-Member State of the European Union, or by a State of North America, South America, Asia, Africa or Oceania;

- transferable securities and money market instruments issued by public international bodies of which one or several Member States of the European Union are members;

- shares held by the Fund in the capital of a company incorporated in a non-Member State of the European Union which invests mainly its assets in securities of issuers having their registered office in that State where, under the legislation of that State, such participation is for the Fund the only way in which the Fund can invest in securities of issuers of that State. This derogation, however, shall apply only if the company of the non-Member State of the European Union, in its investment policy, complies with the limits laid down in the present Section.

9) The Fund does not have to comply with:

a) the previous limits in case of exercise of subscription rights related to transferable securities or money market instruments which form part of its assets;

b) paragraphs 5), 6) and 7) during a period of six months following the date of authorization of opening of each sub-fund provided that it ensures the observance of the risk-spreading principle;

c) investment limits referred to in paragraphs 6 and 7 shall apply at the time of the purchase of the transferable securities or money market instruments; if the limits referred to in the present paragraph are exceeded for reasons beyond the control of the Management Company or as a result of the exercise of subscription rights, the Management Company must adopt as a priority objective, in its sale transactions, the remedying of that situation, taking into consideration the interests of the unitholders of the Fund.

d) to the extent that an issuer is a legal body with multiple sub-funds where the assets of each sub-fund are exclusively reserved to unitholders of such sub-fund and to those creditors whose claim has arisen in connection with the creation, operation or liquidation of such sub-fund, each sub-fund is to be considered as a separate issuer for the purpose of the application of the risk-spreading rules set out in the above paragraphs 6) and 7).

10) The Fund may not borrow, for any of the sub-funds, except for:

- a) acquisition of currencies by means of a back-to-back loan;
- b) borrowing up to 10% of the net assets of the sub-fund provided that the borrowing is on a temporary basis;
- c) borrowing up to 10% of the net assets of the sub-fund, provided that the borrowing is to make possible the acquisition of immovable property essential for the direct pursuit of the business; in this case, its borrowing and that referred to indent b) of the present paragraph may not, in any case, exceed a total of 15% of the net assets of each sub-fund of the Fund.

11) The Fund shall not grant loans or act as a guarantor for third parties. Such restriction does not impede acquisition by the Fund of transferable securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments referred to in the above paragraph 1 items e), g) and h), which are not fully paid up.

12) The Fund shall not carry out uncovered sales of transferable securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments referred to in the above paragraph 1. items e), g) and h).

13) The Management Company shall employ a risk-management process which enables it to monitor and measure at any time the risk of the positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of the portfolio of each sub-fund and it shall employ a process for accurate and independent assessment of the value of OTC derivative instruments, and must communicate to the CSSF regularly, in accordance with the detailed rules defined by the latter, the types of derivative instruments, the underlying risks, the quantitative limits as well as the methods which are chosen in order to estimate the risks associated with transactions in derivative instruments.

14) The Management Company shall ensure that the global exposure relating to derivative instruments of each sub-fund does not exceed the total net value of its portfolio. The exposure is calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, the foreseeable evolution of the markets and the time available to liquidate the positions.

Each sub-fund may, in the framework of its investment policy and within the limits referred to in the above paragraph 6 (e), invest in financial derivative instruments provided that the risk exposure relating to the underlying assets does not exceed in aggregate the investment limits referred to in the above paragraph 6. When a sub-fund invests in index-based financial derivative instruments, these investments are not necessarily combined to the limits referred to in the above paragraph 6. When a transferable security or a money market instrument embeds a derivative instrument, this latter must be taken into account when complying with the application of the requirements in this item 14.

15) Each sub-fund may, subscribe, acquire and/or hold securities to be issued or issued by one or more other sub-funds of the Fund under the condition, that:

- the target sub-fund does not, in turn, invest in the sub-fund invested in the target sub-fund; and
- no more than 10% of the assets of the target sub-fund whose acquisition is contemplated may be invested, pursuant to its constitutive documents, in units of other UCIs; and
- voting rights, if any, attaching to the relevant securities are suspended for as long as they are held by the sub-fund concerned and without prejudice to the appropriate processing in the accounts and the periodic reports; and
- in any event, for as long as these securities are held by the sub-fund, their value will not be taken into consideration for the calculation of the net assets of the sub-fund for the purposes of verifying the minimum threshold of the net assets imposed by the 2010 Law; and
- there is no duplication of management/subscription or repurchase fees between those at the level of the sub-fund and the target sub-fund.

16) Specific rules for Master / Feeder structures:

- a Feeder sub-fund is a sub-fund of the Fund, which has been approved to invest, by way of derogation from article 2, paragraph (2), first indent of the 2010 Law, at least 85% of its assets in units of another UCITS or sub-fund thereof (hereafter referred to as the “Master UCITS”).
- A Feeder sub-fund may hold up to 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:
 - a. ancillary liquid;
 - b. financial derivative instruments, which may be used only for hedging purposes, in accordance with article 42, paragraphs (2) and (3) of the 2010 Law;
 - c. movable and immovable property which is essential for the direct pursuit of its business.
- For the purposes of compliance with article 42, paragraph (3) of the 2010 Law, the Feeder sub-fund shall calculate its global exposure related to financial derivative instruments by combining its own direct exposure with:
 - a. either the Master UCITS’s actual exposure to financial derivative instruments in proportion to the Feeder sub-funds' investment into the Master UCITS;
 - b. or the Master UCITS’s potential maximum global exposure to financial derivative instruments provided for in the Master UCITS management regulations or instruments of incorporation in proportion to the Feeder sub-funds' investment into the Master

UCITS;

- a Master UCITS is a UCITS, or a sub-fund thereof, which:
 - a. has, among its shareholders, at least one Feeder UCITS;
 - b. is not itself a Feeder UCITS; and
 - c. does not hold units of a Feeder UCITS.
- if a Master UCITS has at least two Feeder UCITS as shareholders, article 2, paragraph (2), first indent and article 3, second indent of the 2010 Law shall not apply.

The restriction pursuant to which, when the Fund invests in the units of other UCITS and/or other UCIs that are managed, directly or by delegation, by the same investment manager or by any other company with which the investment manager is linked by common management or control, or by a substantial direct or indirect holding, no subscription and redemption fees may be charged on the target fund level to the Fund on its investment in the units of such other UCITS and/or UCIs, does not apply to a Feeder UCITS.

Should a sub-fund qualify as a Feeder UCITS, a description of all remuneration and reimbursement of costs payable by the Feeder UCITS by virtue of its investments in shares/units of the Master UCITS, as well as the aggregate charges of both the Feeder UCITS and the Master UCITS, shall be disclosed under “Article 17 – Charges and expenses borne by the Fund”. The Fund shall disclose in its annual report a statement on the aggregate charges of both the Feeder UCITS and the Master UCITS.

ARTICLE 5 – DEPOSITARY BANK AND PAYING AGENT (THE “DEPOSITARY BANK”)

The Depositary Bank

The functions of the Depositary Bank have been entrusted to STATE STREET BANK INTERNATIONAL GmbH, Luxembourg Branch, which is acting as the Depositary Bank of the Fund as from April 1, 2021.

Depositary Bank’s functions

The relationship between the Management Company acting on behalf of the Fund and the Depositary Bank is subject to the terms of the Depositary Bank Agreement.

Under the terms of the Depositary Bank Agreement, the Depositary Bank is entrusted with following main functions:

- ensuring that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with applicable law and the Management Regulations;
- ensuring that the value of the units is calculated in accordance with applicable law and the Management Regulations;
- carrying out the instructions of the Management Company unless they conflict with applicable law and the Management Regulations;

- ensuring that in transactions involving the assets of the Fund any consideration is remitted within the usual time limits;
- ensuring that the income of the Fund is applied in accordance with applicable law and the Management Regulations;
- monitoring of the Fund's cash and cash flows;
- safekeeping of financial instruments to be held in custody and ownership verification and record keeping in relation to other assets.

In carrying out its duties, the Depositary Bank shall act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and solely in the interests of the Fund and its unitholders.

Depositary Bank's liability

In the event of a loss of a financial instrument held in custody, determined in accordance with the UCITS Directive, and in particular Article 18 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/438 with regard to obligations of depositaries (the "UCITS Regulation"), the Depositary Bank shall return financial instruments of identical type or the corresponding amount to the Management Company acting on behalf of the Fund without undue delay.

The Depositary Bank shall not be liable if it can prove that the loss of a financial instrument held in custody has arisen as a result of an external event beyond its reasonable control, the consequences of which would have been unavoidable despite all reasonable efforts to the contrary pursuant to the UCITS Directive.

In case of a loss of financial instruments held in custody, the unitholders may invoke the liability of the Depositary Bank directly or indirectly through the Management Company provided that this does not lead to a duplication of redress or to unequal treatment of the unitholders.

The Depositary Bank is indemnified by the Fund against all liabilities suffered or incurred by the Depositary Bank by reason of the proper performance of the Depositary Bank's duties under the terms of the Depositary Bank Agreement save where any such liabilities arise as a result of the Depositary Bank's negligence, fraud, bad faith, wilful default or recklessness of the Depositary Bank or the loss of financial instruments held in custody.

The Depositary Bank will be liable to the Fund for all other losses suffered by the Fund as a result of the Depositary Bank's negligent or intentional failure to properly fulfil its obligations pursuant to the UCITS Directive.

The Depositary Bank shall not be liable for consequential or indirect or special damages or losses, arising out of or in connection with the performance or non-performance by the Depositary Bank of its duties and obligations.

Delegation

The Depositary Bank has full power to delegate the whole or any part of its safekeeping functions, but its liability will not be affected by the fact that it has entrusted to a third party some or all of the assets in its safekeeping. The Depositary Bank's liability shall not be affected by any delegation of its safe-keeping functions under the Depositary Bank Agreement.

A list of the appointed sub-custodians shall be made available to unitholders on request.

ARTICLE 6 – SALES AGENTS

The units of the Fund may be subscribed at the registered office of the Management Company in Ireland or at the registered office of the administrative agent of the Fund, as defined in the Prospectus (the "Administrative Agent" or "Administrative Agent, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent"), or at the Sales Agents designated by the Management Company in countries where the Fund is distributed as indicated in sales documents.

The Management Company in its capacity of distributor may reallocate a portion of its fees to distributors, dealers, other intermediaries or entities with whom it has a distribution agreement, or to or for the benefit of a unitholder or prospective investor.

The Management Company in its capacity of distributor may also on a negotiated basis enter into private arrangements with a distributor, dealer, other intermediary, entity, unitholder or prospective investor under which the Management Company in its capacity of distributor is authorized to make payments to or for the benefit of such distributor, dealer, other intermediary, entity, unitholder or prospective investor which represent a retrocession of, or a rebate on, all or part of the fees received in its capacity of distributor.

ARTICLE 7 – FISCAL YEAR- AUDIT

The accounts of the Fund shall be closed on August 31 of each year.

The accounts of the Fund shall be audited by an auditor appointed by the Management Company.

For the establishment of the consolidated accounts, which shall be expressed in EURO, the assets of the sub-funds in their reference currency shall be converted into EURO.

ARTICLE 8 – UNITS OF CO-OWNERSHIP IN THE FUND

All natural persons or legal entities are allowed to participate in the Fund with subscription of units of one or several sub-funds and the payment in favour of the Fund of the issue price as detailed in the Prospectus.

The quality as a unitholder in a sub-fund of the Fund is determined by nominative registration in the unitholders' register or by nominative registration in the register held

by the Paying Agent whenever, based on an agreement between the Management Company and the Paying Agent, which may coincide with the Sales Agent, the latter acting as a nominee. On the request of a unitholder, a written confirmation of the registration shall be sent to the unitholder.

The Management Company on behalf of the Fund no longer issues bearer units; however, there may still remain holders of bearer certificates for some sub-funds.

The quality of holder of units or fractions of units confers on the assets of the sub-fund a right of co-ownership proportional to the number of units or fractions held.

Fractions of units may be issued as described in the Prospectus.

The unitholder, his heirs or his successors in title, trustees, managers or legal representatives cannot require the dissolution nor the division of the Fund.

ARTICLE 9 – SUBSCRIPTION MODALITIES

Subscription applications for the various sub-funds may be made as described in the Prospectus. The Management Company may appoint other institutions to receive subscriptions to be transmitted for execution.

Subscription lists are closed at the times and on the dates indicated in the Prospectus.

Investors shall receive written confirmation of their investment.

Units are issued by the Administrative Agent, Paying Agent, and Registrar and Transfer Agent subject to payment of the subscription price to the Depository Bank.

At the end of the initial subscription phase, the amount to be paid shall be established based on the net asset value of the sub-fund in question, calculated as described in the Prospectus, plus any subscription fees and charges, whose rates are indicated in the Prospectus.

The Management Company reserves the right to suspend or block the distribution of units of the Fund or of certain sub-funds in such countries and to limit the number of countries in which the subscriptions of units of the Fund may be accepted.

The Management Company reserves the right to accept or refuse at its own discretion any subscription in whole or in part.

Any subscription taxes, fees and charges are payable by the investor.

Money Laundering Prevention

Pursuant to the applicable laws relating to the fight against money-laundering and the financing of terrorism, as amended and the relevant regulations (the “AML Rules”), obligations are imposed inter alia on the Funds, the Management Company and its service providers as applicable (the “AML Obligations”). Each of them have in place their AML policy.

In accordance with the AML Rules and AML policy, a “*responsable du contrôle du respect des obligations*” (the “RC”) is appointed to ensure the compliance of the Fund with the AML Rules.

The AML Obligations include among others, identification procedure which will be applied by the Administrative Agent, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent in the case of subscriptions received by the Administrative Agent, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent, and in the case of subscriptions received by the Sales Agents or the Paying Agent or by any intermediary.

The Administrative Agent, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent may request any such additional documents, as it deems necessary to establish the identity of investors or beneficial owners.

Any information provided to the Management Company, the Administrative Agent, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent, the Sales Agents or the Paying Agent in this context is collected for anti-money laundering compliance purposes only.

ARTICLE 10 – NET ASSET VALUE

The net asset value per unit of co-ownership of each class and each sub-fund shall be expressed in the currency of the sub-fund and determined by the Administrative Agent under the supervision of the Depository Bank and of the Management Company:
- for daily calculated NAV: each bank business day in Luxembourg.

The Administrative Agent determines the total net asset value of each class and each sub-fund by dividing the number of outstanding units in the said class of units of the said sub-fund.

The value of the assets of the Fund shall be calculated as follows:

- a. securities admitted to the official listing on a stock exchange or dealt in on another regulated market, which operates regularly, is recognized and open to the public in Europe, America, Asia, Africa or Oceania, shall be valued on the basis on the last known quotation; if the same security is dealt in on different markets, the quotation of the principal market for such security shall be used;
- b. unlisted securities or securities admitted to a stock exchange or another regulated market but for which the last quotation is not representative, shall be valued on the basis of the last known commercial value or, in the absence thereof, on the basis of

the probable realisation value, which is assessed with diligence and in good faith by the Management Company;

- c. liquid assets are valued at their nominal value plus accrued interests;
- d. forward and option contracts are valued on the basis of the closing quotation of the preceding day on the relevant market. The used quotations are the quotations of liquidation on the forward markets;
- e. units of Undertakings for Collective Investment are valued on the basis of their last available net asset value; Feeder UCITS investments into Master UCITS will be valued at the latest available net asset value per share as published by the Master UCITS;
- f. swaps shall be valued at fair value on the basis of the last known closing quotation of the underlying asset.

The net asset value of each sub-fund and the total value of the consolidated assets of the Fund are expressed in EURO.

The assets denominated in a currency other than EURO shall be converted on the basis of the last known market rate.

ARTICLE 11 – SUSPENSIONS

The Management Company is authorized to suspend temporarily the calculation of the net asset value as well as the issue, the redemption and the switch of units of one or several classes of units of one or several sub-funds in the following cases and under the following conditions:

- a. when a market or a stock exchange on which is listed a significant part of the portfolio of one or several sub-funds is closed for exceptional circumstances or when the transactions thereon are suspended;
- b. when an emergency situation exists as a result of which the Fund cannot dispose normally of its own investments without materially affecting the interests of the unitholders of the Fund;
- c. when there is a breakdown in the means of communications normally employed for the valuation of investments of the Fund or when for any other reason, the valuation cannot be promptly or accurately ascertained;
- d. when exchange rates or transfers of capitals restrictions impede the execution of operations on the behalf of one or several sub-funds of the Fund or when the purchase or sale operations on behalf of one or several sub-funds cannot be carried out at normal rates of exchange;

- e. in any event of force majeure, as for example, but not exclusively, in the event of strike, technical difficulties, total or partial failures of data processing and communications, war, natural disaster.

In case of master-feeder structure adopted by the Fund, if the Master UCITS temporarily suspends the repurchase, redemption or subscription of its shares, whether at its own initiative or at the request of its supervisory authority, each of its Feeder UCITS will be entitled to suspend the repurchase, redemption or subscription of its units within the same period of time as the Master UCITS.

ARTICLE 12 – ISSUE PRICE OF UNITS

The issue price per unit of a sub-fund is determined by the Administrative Agent on behalf of the Management Company:

- for daily calculated NAV: on the basis of the net asset value calculated on the day of the settlement of the corresponding amounts;

To determine the issue price, it may be added to the net asset value as referred to above, charges, taxes and stamp duties required, as the case may be.

For newly created sub-funds, an initial subscription period may be foreseen as decided by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on behalf of the Fund.

ARTICLE 13 – REDEMPTION OF UNITS

Any unitholder in the Fund may, at any time, request to redeem all or part of the units held, as described in the Prospectus.

Redemption applications must be sent to the Administrative Agent, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent or other institutions appointed for this purpose such as Sales Agents, in accordance with the provisions of the Prospectus.

Units will be redeemed at the redemption price calculated on the valuation date following the reception of the redemption application. Redemption lists are closed at the times and on the dates indicated in the Prospectus.

The amount of redemption shall be established based on the net asset value of the sub-fund calculated as described in the Prospectus, minus any charges and expenses, whose rates are established in the Prospectus.

The Depositary Bank is not obliged to undertake redemptions in the event that legislation, particularly international regulations in force related to foreign exchange

rates or events beyond its control, such as strikes, prevent it from transferring or paying the redemption price.

The Management Company shall ensure that under normal circumstances the Fund has sufficient liquidity to allow it to carry out redemption requests in due time.

In the event that the amount of the redemption application – direct or referred to conversion between sub-funds – is equal to or 5% higher than the net asset value of the sub-fund in question and if the Management Company deems that the redemption application may be detrimental to the interests of the other unitholders, the Management Company may, if necessary, and in agreement with the distributors, reserve the right to suspend the redemption application. Nonetheless, the redemption application may in the meantime be revoked by the investor, free of charge.

ARTICLE 14 – SWITCH OF UNITS

Each unitholder may request the switch of all or part of his units held in a sub-fund into units of another sub-fund, in provided that (i) this is not prohibited by the provisions of the Prospectus and (ii) the investors' eligibility requirements set out in the Prospectus are respected.

Conversion applications shall be addressed to the Administrative Agent, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent, or other designated institutions, via a binding conversion application. The Management Company may permit conversion from and to different classes of units, all fees and expenses being due.

Conversion lists are closed at the times and on the dates indicated in the Prospectus.

The method, which determines the number of units of each sub-fund to be subscribed in the switch process, is expressed by the following formula:

$$A = \frac{B \times C \times (1-D)}{E}$$

where:

- A** = is the number of units of the new sub-fund;
- B** = is the number of units of the sub-fund to be liquidated;
- C** = is the net asset value of units of the sub-fund to be liquidated;
- D** = is the fee rate on payments which is referred to in Article 16, item A3 concerning the tariff “by transaction”;
- E** = is the net asset value of units of the sub-fund to be subscribed.

The unitholder may also request at the same time the switch of units held in one or several sub-funds in units of one or several other sub-funds. The method of switch to be used shall be based on the same criteria than above adapted accordingly.

The Management Company reserves the right to change the frequency of conversions or make amendments thereto.

ARTICLE 15- DISTRIBUTION OF NET INCOMES

For some units, Net Incomes are not distributed to the investors but are reinvested daily and thus become part of the net assets of the sub-fund.

For other units the Management Company shall execute calculation and accrual of the amount to be distributed to unitholders, in proportion to the number of units held, as described in the Prospectus.

This amount will be defined taking into account the Net Incomes matured by the sub-fund from the beginning of the relevant Fiscal Year to the end of the quarter preceding the above indicated dates and net of what already distributed in the same relevant Fiscal Year.

The Management Company reserves the possibility to distribute even if the Net Income is negative or to not distribute any Net Income due to market conditions.

Net Incomes means the combination of all accrued and realized incomes and interests, realized and unrealized capital gains/losses of the sub-fund, net of all operational and management costs and taxes, as resulting from the sub-fund's accounting reports.

The unitholders entitled to the distribution of proceeds are those resulting from the unit register on the working day in Luxembourg previous to the day of reference used to make the calculation and accrual to be distributed, as indicated above.

Any payment of the Net Incomes will be published as foreseen in the Prospectus and marketed countries' sale documents where required.

Distributed Net Incomes will be paid by the Depositary Bank or, upon instructions from the same, by the bank appointed for the payment as described in the Prospectus.

No distribution may be made as a result of which the total net assets of the Fund would fall below 1,250,000.- EURO.

Distributed Net Incomes remaining unclaimed for five years after their availability, will be forfeited and reverted to the relevant class of units of the relevant sub-fund.

ARTICLE 16 - PRESCRIPTION

Claims of the unitholders against the Management Company, the Depository Bank or the intermediaries in charge of receiving the subscriptions in the different countries, are prescribed 5 years after the date of the occurrence of the fact given rise thereto.

ARTICLE 17 - NOTICE

The Management Company shall publish twice a year a financial report on the transactions of each sub-fund and shall make it available to all unitholders.

The Prospectus, the Management Regulations, the KID, the audited annual report published within 4 months following the end of the fiscal year, as well as all semi-annual reports, published within 2 months following the end of the concerned period, will be available to the unitholders at the registered offices of the Administrative Agent, and of all Sales Agents.

The Management Company shall make available to the unitholders at the registered office of the Administrative Agent in Luxembourg in order to be reviewed, books and accounting documents, the balance sheet and the profit and loss accounts.

Notices to unitholders are sent to the unitholders, published on a website or in newspapers, if necessary or as required.

Data relating to the determination of the net asset value as well as to the issue, redemption and switch prices and potential suspension of net asset value are made available every business day in Luxembourg as described in the Prospectus.

The following documents may be consulted at the registered offices of the Administrative Agent, as well as at the Sales Agents during the office hours:

- these Management Regulations;
- the Articles of Incorporation of the Management Company;
- the KID;
- the Agreement between the Management Company and the Depository Bank;
- the Agreements between the Management Company and the Administrative Agent, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent;
- the Agreements between the Management Company and the Investment Managers;
- the Agreement between the Management Company and FIDEURAM S.p.A. as well as the Agreement between the Management Company and other Paying Agents or Sales Agents, which may be appointed from time to time; and

- the periodic financial reports.

A copy of the Management Regulations, the KIDs, the Articles of Incorporation of the Management Company and the periodic financial reports may be obtained, free of any charge, at the registered offices of the Management Company, the Administrative Agent as well as, in each country where the Fund is distributed, at the registered office of the Sales Agents as indicated in the sales documents.

ARTICLE 18 – AMENDMENTS TO THE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS

Any amendment to the present Management Regulations shall be decided in the best interest of the unitholders by the sole Management Company, with the approval of the Depositary Bank.

Amendments will become effective on the date of publication in the *Recueil électronique des sociétés et associations* of Luxembourg of a notice of the deposit of the amendments with the Luxembourg *Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés*, unless otherwise provided for in the relevant document amending or replacing the Management Regulations.

ARTICLE 19 - DISSOLUTION OF THE FUND – DISSOLUTION OF SUB-FUNDS – MERGER OF SUB-FUNDS

The Fund is established for an unlimited duration; it may be dissolved at any time with the mutual approval of the Management Company and the Depositary Bank.

Moreover, the Fund shall be liquidated in the cases provided for in Article 22 of the 2010 Law.

The event, which entails the state of liquidation, shall be published by the Management Company in the *Recueil électronique des sociétés et associations*. It shall also be published in at least two newspapers with adequate circulation, one of which at least shall be a Luxembourg newspaper.

No unit shall be issued, redeemed or switched as from the occurrence of the event giving rise to the state of liquidation of the Fund.

The Management Company shall dispose of the assets of the Fund in the best interest of the unitholders, and the Depositary Bank shall distribute the net liquidation proceeds to the unitholders, after deducting charges and expenses for the liquidation. Such proceeds shall be distributed proportionally to the units, in accordance with the instructions of the Management Company. The net liquidation proceeds that are not distributed to the unitholders at the closing of the liquidation shall be deposited with the *Caisse des Consignations* in Luxembourg until the end of the period of the legal prescription.

The Management Company may decide to liquidate a sub-fund in case of events which are out of its control, such as changes in the political, economic or monetary situation or

when the net assets of a sub-fund fall below an amount determined by the Board of Directors of the Management Company as described in the Prospectus.

When the Management Company decides to liquidate a sub-fund, no units of this sub-fund shall be issued.

In waiting for the implementation of the decision of liquidation, the Management Company shall continue to redeem units of the concerned sub-fund. To do so the Management Company shall base the redemption on the net asset value established in order to take into account the liquidation expenses but without deduction of redemption fees. The Management Company shall redeem the units of the sub-fund and shall repay the unitholders proportionally to the number of units held. The net liquidation proceeds, which shall not be distributed, shall be deposited with the *Caisse de Consignation of Luxembourg*.

The Management Company may decide to merge two or several sub-funds of the Fund or to contribute one or several sub-funds to another Luxembourg or foreign UCITS in case of changes in the economic, political or monetary situation or when the net assets of a sub-fund fall below an amount determined by the Board of Directors of the Management Company as described in the Prospectus and such merger/contribution will be realized in accordance with Chapter 8 of the 2010 Law. The Management Company will decide on the effective date of the merger of the Fund with another UCITS pursuant to article 66 (4) of the 2010 Law. Notice of any mergers shall be sent to unitholders. Holders of units in the sub-funds in question may, for a period established by the Board of Directors of the Management Company – which may be no less than one month and shall be indicated in the notice to unitholders – request that their units be redeemed free of charge.

Each sub-fund of the Fund being a Feeder sub-fund shall be liquidated:

- 1) if its Master UCITS is liquidated, unless the CSSF approves:
 - a. The investment of at least 85% of the assets of the Feeder sub-fund in units of another Master UCITS; or
 - b. Its conversion into a sub-fund which is not a Feeder sub-fund.

- 2) if its Master UCITS is divided into two or more UCITS or merged with another UCITS, unless the CSSF approves:
 - a. That the Feeder sub-fund continues to be a feeder of the Master UCITS or of another UCITS resulting from the merger or division of the Master UCITS
 - b. The investment of at least 85% of the assets of the Feeder sub-fund in units of another Master UCITS; or
 - c. Its conversion into a sub-fund which is not a Feeder sub-fund.

Without prejudice to specific provisions regarding compulsory liquidation, the liquidation of a sub-fund of the Fund being a Master sub-fund shall take place no sooner

than three months after the Master sub-fund has informed all of its unitholders and the CSSF of the binding decision to liquidate.

Where a sub-fund of the Fund has been established as a Master sub-fund, no merger or division shall become effective, unless the Master sub-fund has provided all of its unitholders and the competent authorities of the home Member State of the European Union (the “Member State”) with the information required by law, by sixty days before the proposed effective date. Unless the CSSF or the competent authorities of the Member State of the Feeder UCITS, as the case may be, have granted the Feeder-UCITS approval to continue to be a Feeder-UCITS of the Master sub-fund resulting from the merger or division of such master sub-fund, the Master sub-fund shall enable the Feeder UCITS to repurchase or redeem all units in the Master sub-fund before the merger or division becomes effective.

ARTICLE 20- APPLICABLE LAW – JURISDICTION – REFERENCE LANGUAGE

The *Tribunal d’Arrondissement* in Luxembourg shall settle any disputes between unitholders, the Management Company, the shareholders of the latter and the Depositary Bank. Luxembourg law shall be applicable. The Management Company and/or the Depositary Bank may however submit themselves or submit the Fund to the jurisdiction of the countries in which the units of the Fund are offered and sold for claims of unitholders solicited by Sales Agents in such countries.

The English version of these Management Regulations will prevail; the Management Company and the Depositary Bank may however admit the use of translations, which will be approved by them, in the languages of the countries in which the units of the Fund are offered and sold. Such translations will have then probative force for units sold to the unitholders of such country

Luxembourg, with effect as of 23rd April 2024, and replacing the previous management regulations dated 5 September 2023.

The Management Company
FIDEURAM ASSET MANAGEMENT
(IRELAND) DESIGNATED
ACTIVITY COMPANY



Matteo Cattaneo
CEO and Managing Director

The Depositary Bank
STATE STREET BANK
INTERNATIONAL GmbH,
Luxembourg Branch



Massimo Brocca
Managing Director